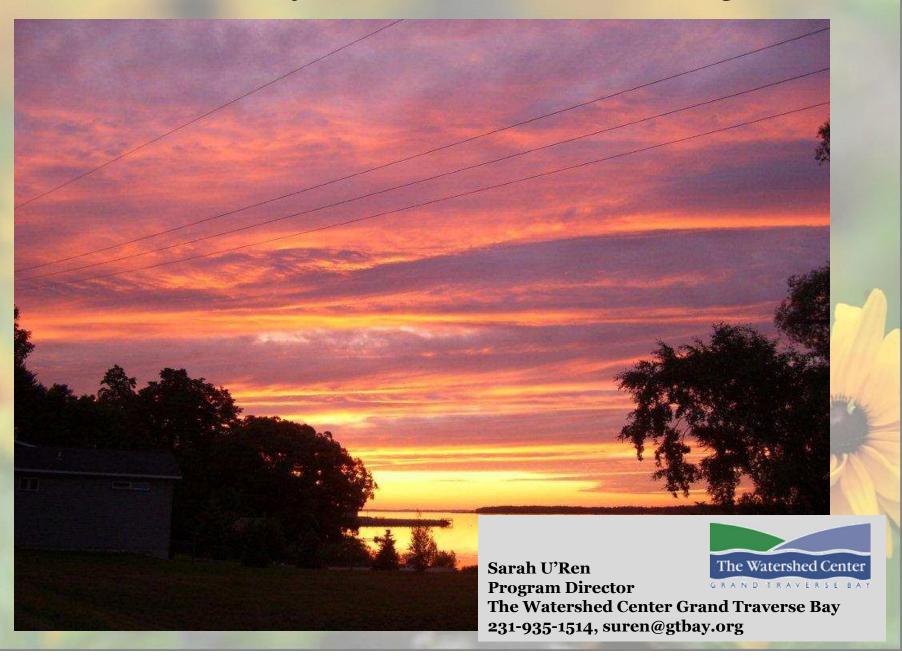
Suttons Bay Stormwater Project



Project Overview:



Issues:

\$987,000 grant

- Three main storm drains outlet to Suttons Bay: Grove, Madison, Broadway Street Drains
- Bacterial contamination of nearshore waters (at South Shore Park, possible at Marina Park)
- Public health risk

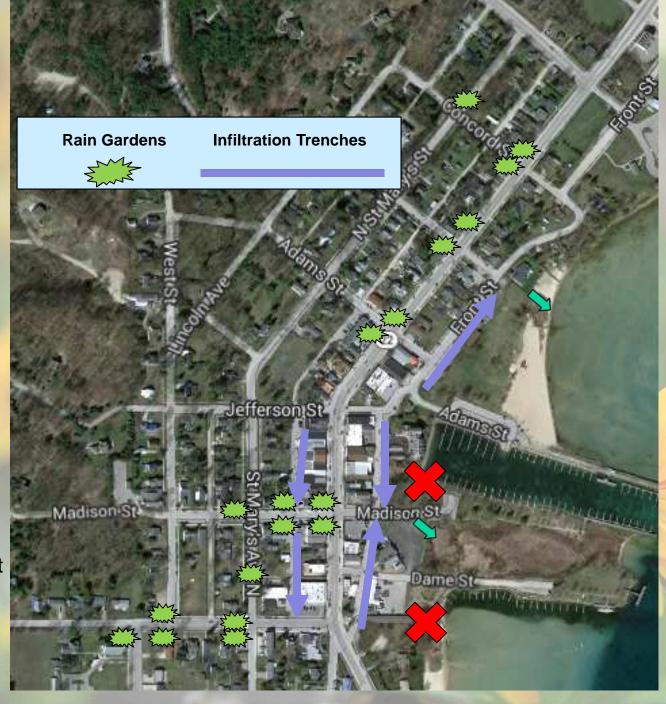


Process:

- Used LID/green infrastructure concept Reduce runoff before end-of-pipe
- Installation completed Fall 2013

Installed System:

- High Infiltration Rates:
 ✓ 12 20+ in/hr
- Increase infiltration and reduce amount of runoff making it to pipe outlets:
 - √ Rain Gardens
 - ✓ Underground Infiltration Trenches
 - ✓ Combine 2 outfalls and redirect to wetland outlet
- Designed to capture all but 2.5% of storm events (infiltrating 97.5 % percent of storm events)



Project Engineer: URS

BMP System: Rain Gardens

18 installed in residential areas in Village



Southwest corner of Adams St and St.Joseph Ave (M-22)

Treatment Steps:

- Runoff enters garden, fills depression, and infiltrates naturally to ground
- 2. Excess water spills into the storm system inlet
- 3. Will eventually make its way to infiltration trench (discussed later)



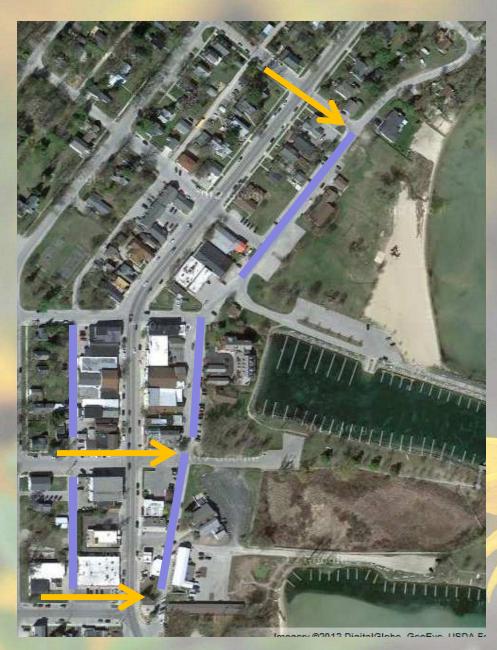
Southwest corner of St. Mary's Ave and Broadway Ave







BMP System: Infiltration Trenches



Where:

- Alleys: Broadway-Madison Ave, Madison-Jefferson Ave
- Front Street: Broadway-Jefferson, Grove-Adams Street

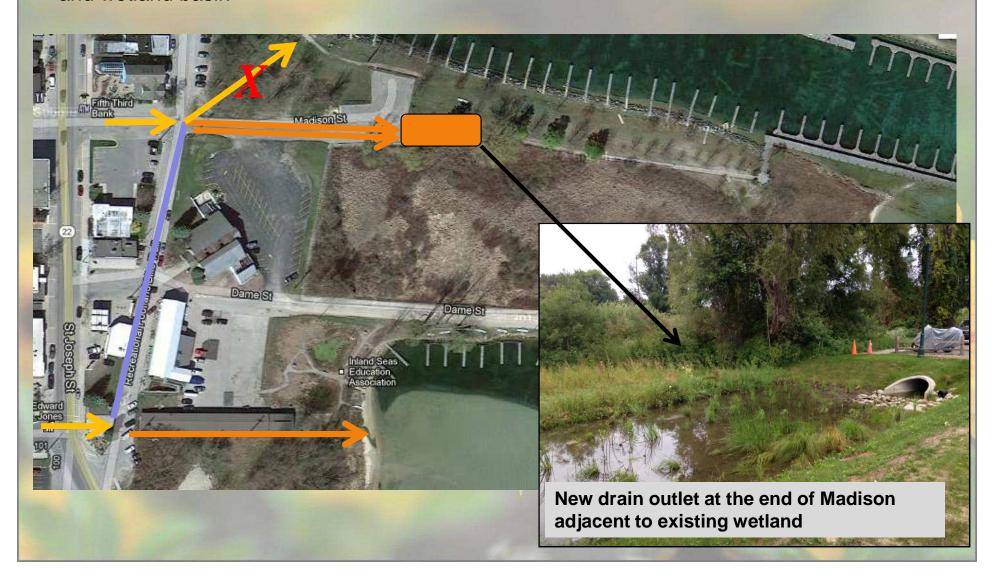
About 3,612 feet of infiltration trench installed ~nearly 3/4 mile





BMP System: Wetland Treatment

- Madison outlet abandoned and redirected to wetland treatment basin between marina and south docks, overflow to existing wetland
- Most flow to Broadway line into infiltration trench, overflow split between current outlet and wetland basin



Project Costs

EPA GLRI Grant - \$987,000



- Engineering \$153,000
- Rain Gardens \$86,000 (~ \$4,700 ea)
- Construction (trenches, wetland outlet) \$703,000
- Other (TWC staff, WQ monitoring, Signage, Federal Audit) - \$45,000





Above: oil/grit separator and infiltration trench installation in alley

Left: Rain garden (Adams/M22) in June 2015

General Observations - First and Second Years

- Rain Gardens
 - ✓ Watch closely the first few weeks, note where water is coming in and look for erosion
 - ✓ Mulch will float until a mat forms, some will be transported into pipe
 - ✓ Clean storm inlets regularly, leaves will clog
 - ✓ Rocks will be helpful around inlets to rain garden and storm drains
 - ✓ Spring clean-up necessary blow/rake out excess sand, grit, and leaves
 - ✓ Public prefers rain gardens with curbing
 - ✓ Instituted "Friends of the Rain Gardens" group in 2015 to help take care of gardens over next few years



overflow inlet to drain system

General Observations - First and Second Years

- Infiltration Trenches
 - ✓ Oil grit separators must be cleaned periodically
 - ✓ Trenches must be power washed and vacuumed out at least yearly





Above and Left: Village of Suttons
Bay Public Works employees clean
out oil/grit separators early Winter
(after heavy Fall rains)

